



CENTRAL LUZON STATE UNIVERSITY



EVALUATION OF MOLLUSCICIDAL PROPERTIES OF *Calotropis gigantea* L.
PLANT EXTRACT AGAINST GOLDEN APPLE SNAIL
(*Pomacea canaliculata* L.)

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An Undergraduate Thesis Submitted to the Faculty of the Department of
Biological Sciences, College of Arts and Sciences, Central Luzon
State University, Science City of Muñoz, Nueva Ecija,
Philippines, In Partial Fulfilment of the
Requirements for the Degree

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN BIOLOGY

JUNE 2017

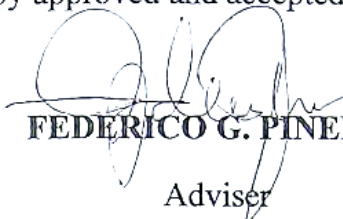


Republic of the Philippines
CENTRAL LUZON STATE UNIVERSITY
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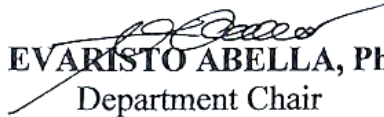

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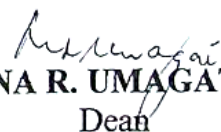
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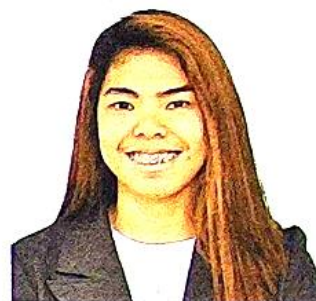
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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Foremost, the author want to offer this work to our GOD Almighty for the wisdom he gave upon her, the strength, peace of my mind and good health in order to finish this study. For this wonderful life and for guiding her all throughout, without Him none of these would be possible.

The author would like to give her greatest appreciation to the following persons who paved the way towards the accomplishment of this work:

First and foremost, the author would like to thank her thesis adviser, Mr. Federico G. Pineda, her Co-adviser, Ms. Lani Lou Mar A. Lopez, her critic, Ms. Mary Jhane G. Valentino, for the patience, motivations, support, advice and guidance. Without their assistance and dedicated involvement in every step throughout the process, this paper would have never been accomplished. The author thank them very much for their support and understanding over their assistance in writing thesis.

To the Former Department Research Coordinator, Dr. Angeles M. De Leon, and the present Mr. Rich Milton R. Dulay, sincere thanks for the guidance and support along the way. To the faculty and staff of the Department of Biological Sciences for the support which motivated her to finish her thesis;

Mr. Jim Andreus V. Mangahas for giving good advice and understand clearly the statistical analysis of her study.

Lastly, her regards and blessings to those who supported her in any ways during the completion of this thesis, her BEST OF FRIENDS and Jano for their support, love,



thoughtfulness and acquaintance along the way and for helping her to survive all her stress from this year and not letting me give up.

Co-advisees, Charlene, Jerick and Lyka for their knowledge, help and bonding during the conduct of their research.

In this very special moment, she would like to express her deepest gratitude to her parents, Mr. DANILO T. BALANZA and Mrs. AGNES BALANZA, and her older brother, ADAMS and younger sister DIANNE for their love, encouragement, endless inspiration and support.

The author would also like to place on record, the sense of gratitude to one and all who directly or indirectly, have lent their helping have been never lose hope and faith in her and to God. Their love and prayers, faith and unending support and understanding will always be appreciated and valued.

GIA VANESSA T. BALANZA



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ABSTRACT

BALANZA, GIA VANESSA T., Bachelor of Science in Biology, Department of Biological Sciences, College of Arts and Sciences, Central Luzon State University, Science City of Munoz, Nueva Ecija, Philippines, June 2017, **EVALUATION OF MOLLUSCICIDAL PROPERTIES OF *Calotropis gigantea* L. PLANT EXTRACT AGAINST GOLDEN APPLE SNAIL (*Pomacea canaliculata* L.)**

Manuscript No: BIO-M-2nd17-009

Adviser: Federico G. Pineda, MSc

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This study was conducted to determine the molluscicidal property of *C. gigantea* using ethanol extraction compared to a chemical molluscicide against golden apple snail (*Pomacea canaliculata* L.). Ten young golden apple snail and ten adult golden apple snail were used to test the molluscicidal effect of *C. gigantea* extract. Different symptoms resulting to the death of snails was also observed. Statistical result showed that *C. gigantea* extract and chemical molluscicide has no significant difference to each other in both young and adult golden apple snail. Thus, this indicates that *C. gigantea* extract has the same killing effect with the chemical molluscicide to eradicate golden apple.

The result also showed that the eradication of golden apple snail in *C. gigantea* ethanol extract was influenced by the time of exposure, the longer the exposure period, the higher the mortality rate of young and adult golden apple snails. Behavioral and morphological symptoms of both young and adult golden apple snail were also affected by *C. gigantea* extract. Paralysis, mucus secretion, open operculum,



withdrawal of body inside the shell and the change in shell color was observed after treatment application. In addition, most golden apple snail withdrew into their shells after treatment that indicates nerve poisoning. Thus, the overall result revealed that *C. gigantea* has the potent molluscicidal capability which can be used as an alternative botanical molluscicide that are much affordable, environmental friendly and less harmful to human.



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